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Ome indicators for the development of sport for all in kham may province, People's Democratic Republic of Laos IN 2016 - 2020

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Abstract

Through normal scientific methods in the field of sport for all, the study assesses the progress of some development indicators of the sport for all movement in Khammouane province, Lao People's Democratic Republic in the 2016-2020 period. This is one of the important scientific bases to propose development solutions in the sport movement in Khammouane province in the coming time.

Keywords: progress, indicators, sport for all, Khammouane province

Introduction

Khammouane is a province in the center of Lao People's Democratic Republic, is the narrowest place from the eastern border to the western border. It borders the Bolikhamsai Province to the North with an administrative boundary of about 162 km, to the South of Savannakhet Province with an administrative boundary of about 174 km, to the East of Quang Binh and Ha Tinh Provinces of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam with the borderline. The country is about 237 km long and the West bordering the Kingdom of Thailand with the Mekong River is a 153 km long border.

According to census data in 2020, the population of Khammouane province is 438,399 people (220,970 women). The population is distributed over one town, 9 districts, 804 villages and 60,163 households, with 43 ethnic groups. Of which, there are 32 tribes with a population of less than 500 people, accounting for 1.2% of the province's population (of which there are 12 tribes with a population of less than 10 people, there are even tribes with only 2-3 people like Nha Hon, Mu Xo, Lo Lo, La Vi...and 25 tribes with a population of less than 100 people...).

Dealing with an economic growth, the income level in the years 2018-2020 was potential for the economic development. There are many changes in Khammouane province, which many economic sectors are mobilized to develop the country. Gross domestic product (GDP) increases clearly between 2018 and 2020, total domestic income increases by an average of 7.5% (the whole country is about 8.5-9%). At the same time (GDP) per capita is 10,512,460 Kip, equivalent to USD 10,512 (the whole country is 15,200,000 Kip, equivalent to USD 1,520/person). In recent years, although the economy of Khammouane province made remarkable progress, but the number of poor households by 2020, still accounted for 22% of the total number of households in the province, and the average life expectancy reaches only about 60 years old.

The socio-economic realities of Khammouane province have had a significant influence on the development of the sport for all movement. However, with the determined efforts of the authorities at all levels and the people themselves, the sport for all movement in Khammouane province in the period 2016-2020 has achieved remarkable achievements. This is shown through a number of developing indicators of the province's sport for all movement in 2016-2020.

Research Methods

Data analysis and synthesis, interview and sociological investigation and statistical mathematics were mainly applied in the study.

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Results and Discussion

Aimed of assessing some indicators of sport for all development in Khammouane province, Lao People's Democratic Republic, the study surveyed the indicators of

sport for all movement in Khammouane province in the period 2016-2020. Evolution and growth rate of some development indicators of sport for all movement in Khammouane province are presented in Tables 1 and 2.

Table 1: Some indicators of sport for all movement in Khammouane province

N ^o	Indicator	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1.	Ratio of people who practice sports regularly (%)	6.42	12.8	18.00	24.14	27.54
2.	The ratio of sports families (%)	2.15	4.03	5.41	6.07	7.95
3.	Number of community sport teams	1176	1180	1184	1186	1186
4.	Number of grassroots athletes	8452	8464	8479	8513	8509
5.	Number of community sport clubs	135	138	140	142	168
6.	Number of community sport competitions	93	97	99	85	81
7.	Number of provincial sport championships	8	12	13	9	7
8.	Number of sport championships that provincial team competed	11	11	12	8	10
9.	Number of gold medals achieved	6	4	2	3	5
10.	Number of silver medals achieved	14	8	6	5	12
11.	Number of bronze medals achieved	21	16	14	7	16

Table 2: Progress of growing rate of sport for all developing indicators in Khammouane province

N ^o	Indicators	W (%)				Average growing rate
		2016, 2017	2017, 2018	2018, 2019	2019, 2020	
1.	Ratio of people who practice sports regularly (%)	66.39	33.77	29.14	13.16	35.61
2.	The ratio of sports families (%)	60.84	29.24	11.50	26.82	32.1
3.	Number of community sport teams	0.34	0.34	0.17	0.00	0.21
4.	Number of grassroots athletes	0.14	0.18	0.40	-0.05	0.16
5.	Number of community sport clubs	2.20	1.44	1.42	16.77	5.45
6.	Number of community sport competitions	4.21	2.04	-15.22	-4.82	-3.44
7.	Number of provincial sport championships	40.00	8.00	-36.36	-25.00	-3.34
8.	Number of sport championships that provincial team competed	0.00	8.70	-40.00	22.22	-2.27
9.	Number of gold medals achieved	-40.00	-66.67	40.00	50.00	-4.16
10.	Number of silver medals achieved	-54.55	-28.57	-18.18	82.35	-4.73
11.	Number of bronze medals achieved	-27.03	-13.33	-66.67	78.26	-7.19
	Average	4.77	-2.26	-8.52	23.61	4.40

The results in Tables 1 and 2 show as follow

- The percentage of people who practice sports regularly tend to increase, the growth rate is about 6.42% - 27.54%, with an average growth rate of 35.61%;
- The ratio of sports families tends to increase slightly, the growing rate is from 2.15 to 7.95%, with the average of 7.95%;
- The indicator of community sports teams tends to increase slowly and gradually, the growth rate is from 0.34 to 0.17, with an average of 0.21%. In particular, in 2019 and 2020 this indicator keeps a stable level.
- The indicator of grassroots athletes tends to increase and decrease slightly, with a growing rate of -0.05% to 0.18%, and an average growing rate of 0.16%. Especially, in the year of 2019, the indicator reached a negative growing value.
- The index of grassroots sports clubs trended to growth lowly in 2017, 2018 and 2019, with a growing rate from 1.42% to 2.20% and increased in 2020, with 16.77%. The average growing rate is 5.45%;
- The index of community sports competitions tended to increase in 2017 and decrease in 2018 and 2019, the growing rate is from -15.2% to 4.21%. The average growing rate reached a negative value (-3.34%);
- The number of provincial sports competitions also tended to change as the index of grassroots sports competitions, increased in the first 2 years - with a positive growing rate (40% and 8%) and decreased in the last 2 years - with a negative growing rate (-36.36% and -25%). The average growing rate is -3.34%;
- The number of championships that provincial sport teams

competed is unstable, staying stable in 2016 and 2017, increasing in 2018 (98.7%), decreasing deeply in 2019 (-40%) and continuing to increase in 2020 (2.2%). The average growing rate is -2.27%;

- The number of gold medals achieved tended to decrease in 2017 and 2018 (-40% to -66.67%), and increase in 2019 and 2020 (40% to 50%). The average growing rate reached the value -4.16%;
- The number of silver medals achieved tended to decrease in the first 3 years, with a negative growing rate (-54.55 to -18.18%), strongly recovered with a positive growing rate in 2020 (82.35%). However, the average growing rate still reached negative growing value (-4.73%);
- The number of bronze medals achieved also had similar developments as the number of silver medals achieved, but with the higher growth fluctuation (-66.67% to 78.26%). The average growing rate for the whole period was -7.19%.

According our explanation for the above figures, behind the subjective factors affecting the sport for all movement in the province, another reason is that the strong outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic in Laos as well as all over the world since the end of 2019 to 2020, made a negative impact on the sport for all movement. During the pandemic, almost sports activities were interrupted and sometimes completely stopped. This is also one of the basic reasons leading to negative growth in sport for all movement, as well as the unstable growing index, even though the Khammouane authority and people put all the efforts and consensus in sport development in the province.

Conclusion

The research has assessed the development of the sport for all movement in Khammouane province, Lao People's Democratic Republic in the 2016-2020 period through 11 indicators. There are 5 in 11 indicators achieving positive growing value from 0.16% to 35.61%, those are percentage of people who practice sports regularly; The ratio of the number of sports families; Number of community sports teams; Number of grassroots athletes; Number of grassroots sports clubs (0.16%-35.61%). The remaining index achieved negative growth, value from -7.19% to -2.27%, those are: Number of grassroots sports competitions; Number of provincial sports championship; Number of championships that provincial team competing; Number of gold medals achieved; Number of silver medals achieved; Number of bronze medals achieved. However, the average growing value of 11 sport for all indicators in Khammouane province in the 2016-2020 period still achieved a positive growing value (4.4%). This is one of the important scientific bases to propose solutions to develop sport movement of Khammouane province in the coming time.

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