Concept of sports and physical education in Indian society

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Abstract
Physical Education & Sports forms an important part of educational system even when it never received the importance it deserves. Even though it is included as part of the curriculum from the early stages of education, it has never been taken seriously by the educational administrators, the academicians and the students. Physical Education is the only profession where you talk as well as play / perform. The concept of Physical Education in the mind of the general public is big round, play & play and no work. Abraham Lincoln quoted in one of his addresses, “Sportsman is the best Ambassador of the Nation.” Hence, the Physical Education Director/Teacher can also be the best Ambassador of our Institution / University. At present compare to earlier years and now we can come across the decline of physical education in education compare to present is, one needs to overcome the hurdles and battles to improve the structure and infrastructure status in around to develop the overall discipline in physical education and sports.

Keywords: Concept, Sports, Physical education, Indian society

1. Introduction
Physical Education and Sports is one of the important yardsticks and also integral part of education in any country at any point of time. Thus each country should try to set out a framework of action plan for promotion and development of Physical Education and Sports. Paradoxically, sports is witnessing a spectacular boom in the media spotlight all over the world including India while it is being seriously neglected within the educational system. Physical Education act as well as the provision of resources for the nation and in the construction of evaluation system in education developments and it promotes the development physical education in a country. At present compare to earlier years and now we can come across the decline of physical education in education compare to present is one needs to overcome the hurdles and battles to improve the structure and infrastructure status in around to develop the overall discipline in physical education and sports.

2. Present status of physical education and sports in new era.
Despite efforts by member States to promote and develop Physical Education and Sports with international cooperation; its distinctive nature and importance to education remain a constant source of concern. Physical Education and Sports proved alarming (particularly within educational system), which, given the social importance and media-coverage of sports. Its impact may be seen in the shift by Physical Education and Sport Public authorities towards high performance and high media friendly sports (at a national level, across the public and private system). A significant example in the absence of clear separation between the Ministries of Youth Affairs and Sports and Ministries of Education.

The status of Physical Education and Sports convened the Physical Education World Summit in Berlin this initiative was prompted by reports revealing the increasing critical situation of Physical Education and Sports in many countries. A worldwide comparative study collects data and literature for nearly 120 countries came out with following significant findings.

a) Reduced time devoted to Physical Education in Educational Programmed.
b) Reduced budgets plus inadequate financial, material and staff resources.
c) The subject suffers from low status.
d) In many countries teachers are not properly trained.
e) Existing Physical Education guidelines are not properly applied.
3. Creative mind and thoughts which bring out the role of physical education and sports in the present globalization

The Physical Education and Sports preserves the vital clue that exists between Physical Education and Sports. The reciprocal guarantee highlighted the provisions of as such, it is necessary to consider Physical Education and Sports as an intrinsic part of education in all schools and colleges in a country, where sports should be compulsory right from elementary school level to till college level. In fact, quality education involves the dispensing the essential requirements of life skills i.e. learning to:

(i) Self-motivation, creativity and problem solving
(ii) Use interactive tools (communication, physical and IT)
(iii) To join and live within socialist diverse groups.

All these Board- based life skills are precisely what Physical Education and Sports can develop. Therefore, it goes without saying that Physical Education and Sports must be actively promoted by International organizations, state governments, and local authorities. The field of education must coordinate and streamline these efforts to defend the cause of Physical Education and Sports. This will include helping to redress the balance of Physical Education and sport in Education in its drive to improve the situation of Physical Education and Sports worldwide.

4. Physical education & sports in Indian society

Physical Education & Sports forms an important part of educational system even when it never received the importance it deserves. Even though it is included as part of the curriculum from the early stages of education, it has never been taken seriously by the educational administrators, the academicians and the students. Physical Education is the only profession where you talk as well as play / perform. The concept of Physical Education in the mind of the general public is big round, play & play and no work. Abraham Lincoln quoted in one of his addresses, “Sportsman is the best Ambassador of the Nation.” Hence, the Physical Education Director/Teacher can also be the best Ambassador of our Institution / University.

5. Physical education defined

The problem of defining Physical Education is not only that the term is broad based and complex, including so many kinds of phenomena, but also it means different things to different people. Someone has suggested that Physical Education is whatever Physical Educators do. J P Thomas sums up that Physical Education is education through physical activities for the development of the total personality of the child and its fulfillment and perfection in body, mind and spirit. Even though these definitions differ significantly with regards to emphasis on different aspects, they still have many common elements. Some of them may be noted as: Physical Education is a phase of the total Education process. It is the sum of total experience and their related responses. Experience grown and responses developed out of participation in big muscular activities. All-round development of individual – physical, mental, social, moral is the real aim of Physical Education. It is the same as in General Education.

In the Indian context, Physical Education is perhaps the only aspect of education which has not been given due attention. That is due, most probably to the fact that we have remained satisfied with that the British have handed over to us, with no sincere efforts on our part to prepare any concrete and far-reaching programmed for Physical Education especially suited to our conditions. We have ever-stressed the academic aspects, the physical one being relatively untouched. This has resulted in an increasingly large number of Indians who are neglecting their bodies, to whom Physical Education is similar to physical training, whose physical fitness is not what it should be they are getting ‘soft’. One of the main objectives of any Physical Education activity is to maintain and improve the health of the youngsters in our school and colleges. And the School has the responsibility to see that all students achieve and maintain optimum health, not only from a moral point of view, but from the standard point that educational experience will be much more meaningful if optimum health exists.

A child learns easier and better when he is in a state of good health. Even ones’ values have much to do with health building and destroying activities. Unfortunately, a large number of people suffer from ‘value illnesses’, i.e. They know what they are supposed to do to keep well, yet they fail to do so. They know that tobacco smoking can cause death from Lung Cancer; even then they do not give up smoking. They understand how alcohol affects the driving ability, yet they drive in a state of drunkenness. They appreciate the role of regular exercise in weight control, yet they do little to alter their sedentary way of living. Education and health & medical authorities have, therefore, long recognized the need for a programmed of director Physical Education activities in school curriculum. It is during the formative and rapidly growing period of elementary school-age that foundation of proper habits, attitudes and appreciations toward all physical activities, including play is laid and desirable citizenship traits acquired, so that in adulthood, he will be equipped with the knowledge, sound thinking processes, physical stamina and emotional maturity live effectively in an ever-changing and highly complex society. In that respect, teachers bear a major responsibility in answering that challenge effectively. It is said, “An idle mind is the devil’s workshop”.

6. Suggestions & Recommendation

1) Revision & Reconstruction of Physical Education syllabus in context with need of Society.
2) Periodical Refresher course for Physical Educational personnel with a unified agency.
3) Updating and Upgrading of the subject and related area in collaboration with top Educational &Physical Education bodies. Strict implementation and follow-up of the prescribed Physical Education standard.
4) An honest and sincere appraisal system for total evaluation and feedback.
5) The academic study of Physical Education and Sports may be as stimulating and fun as an experience as one’s actual participation in sports.
6) Once the rule, subject matter, and ‘spirit’ of both games are understood, they may be equally rewarding. General Education is for the masses, so also Physical Education.
7) ‘Recreation’ is an important as ‘reading’, ‘writing’ and ‘arithmetic’, in the life of common man. Physical activities do the garb of ‘Physical Education’ when the focus is on the means used, namely, big muscles, ‘Recreation’ when the focus is on ‘life is worth living’ (joyful) attitude or use is leisure time.

7. Conclusion

In our profession, we should follow the concept of 3 ‘D’
Discipline, Dedication & Determination. Young people are the real wealth of the nation. No programmed is successful without the participation of youth. Therefore, to enable an individual to lead happy, enjoyable and healthy life as a member of society, he should regularly engage in games and sports and different exercise programmers to ensure development of Physical Fitness and learn skills in sports and games, which have a carryover value. Society on the other hand should provide enough opportunities to its members so that they may engage themselves in activities of their own choice and thus develop or maintain the level of Physical Fitness. Unless there is improvement in the ‘General Standard of Health’, excellence in sports cannot improve. Physical Education and, Sports activities in educational institutions should aim at ‘Health Related’ and ‘Performance Related’ areas so as to ensure ‘enhancement of performance in competitive sports’. Physical Education thus consists in promoting a systematic all-round development of human body of scientific technique. And thereby maintaining extraordinary Physical Fitness to achieve one’s cherished goals in life. Hence, any organization of Physical Education should start with developing a positive attitude and self-confidence among Physical Educators themselves and make them feel, Physical Education need not exist in the periphery of the schools / colleges, but should extend it to the classrooms and become the focus or central point of the Educational System.

8. References